

United States Patent and Trademark Office

M

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/943,262	08/30/2001	Tohru Ishitani	1743/193	8263
23838 75	590 11/28/2005		EXAMINER	
KENYON & KENYON			NGUYEN, LAM S	
1500 K STREE SUITE 700	T NW		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTON, DC 20005			2853	
			DATE MAILED: 11/28/200	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<u> </u>		Applic	ation No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary		09/94	3,262	ISHITANI ET AL.					
		Exami	ner	Art Unit					
		LAM S	. NGUYEN	2853					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communic r Reply	ation appears on	the cover sheet v	with the correspondence a	ddress				
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MA Issions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commu- period for reply is specified above, the maximum statu- re to reply within the set or extended period for reply we eply received by the Office later than three months afted patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ALING DATE OF f 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no nication. utory period will apply ar rill, by statute, cause the	THIS COMMUN be event, however, may a and will expire SIX (6) MC application to become a	IICATION. a reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing date of this of ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status									
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed	i on 16 Novembe	r 2005						
2a)□	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.								
′=	, '								
- /	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	on of Claims	·	•						
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the ap	polication.							
·=	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
·	∑ Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are rejected.								
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
·	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ion and/or electio	n requirement.						
Applicati	on Papers								
	The specification is objected to by the	Examiner							
-] accepted or b)[objected to by the Exar	miner.				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>05 December 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).									
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including t				FR 1.121(d).				
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to		-						
Priority ι	inder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim fo	or foreign priority	under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) <u>[</u>	a) All b) Some * c) None of:								
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
	 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage 								
	•			en received in this Nationa	i Stage				
+ -	application from the Internation	·		. A					
3	ee the attached detailed Office action	for a list of the c	ertined copies no	ot received.					
Attachmen	·		🗂						
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT	O-948)		v Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date					
3) 🛛 Inform	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or F r No(s)/Mail Date <u>11/16/2005</u> .			f Informal Patent Application (PT	O-152)				
	The state of the s								

Art Unit: 2853

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 11/16/2005 has been entered.

Claim Objections

Claim 5 is objected to because of the following informalities " α b > α b" (lines 12-13). Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 1. Claims 1-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kakibayashi et al. (US 5866905) in view of Hosoki et al. (US 3714422).

Kakibayshi et al. discloses a scanning charged-particle microscope (FIG. 18) having:

a charged-particle source (FIG. 18, element 20),

a lens for focusing the charged-particle beam emitted from said charged-particle source (FIG. 18, element 21), and

a scanning deflector (FIG. 18, element 22) for scanning said charged-particle

Application/Control Number: 09/943,262

Art Unit: 2853

beam in two-dimensional form on a sample (FIG. 18, element 24),

wherein said scanning charged-particle microscope includes a passage aperture for limiting the passage of the charged-particle beam having a member for limiting the passage of the charged-particle beam provided at least in the center of said passage aperture (FIG. 20, element 409) (Referring to claim 1).

Kakibayshi et al. does not disclose wherein the passage/annular aperture is positioned on the orbit of the charged-particle beam and located between said charged-particle source and said scanning deflector, wherein the member having a limiting part which limits the charged particle beam having the half-opening angle being from zero degrees to the degrees and allows the charged-particle beam having the half opening angle being from the total degrees to pass the member, wherein said lens focusing the charged particle beam such that a plurality of differential parts of the charged particle beam passing through the passage aperture converges one point on the sample on a half-opening angle which defines an irradiation angle of the charged particle beam against an optical axis of the charged particle beam, wherein said scanning deflector scanning the converged charged particle beam, wherein an image of said sample is obtained by scanning said charged-particle beam, which is cut off the half opening angle being from the total degrees (Referring to claims 1, 5, 8, 12).

Hosoki et al. discloses an electron microscope having a charged-particle source (FIG. 1, element 1), a scanning deflector (FIG. 6, element 5), and an annular/passage aperture (FIG. 6, element 10) positioned on an orbit of a charged-particle beam (FIG. 4, element e) and located between the charged-particle source and the scanning deflector (FIGs. 1, 6) to limit the passage of the electron beam to a sample (FIG. 6, element 6), wherein after the electron beam has passed

through the annular/passage aperture (FIG. 6, element 10), a plurality of different parts, each having a half opening from α_b to α_b degrees of the electron beam converges one point on the sample (FIG. 6: At least two different parts of the electron beam converges at point F on the sample 6) and deflected by the scanning deflector (Fig. 6, element 5) to scan the sample (FIG. 6, element 6), that results of forming an image of the sample on an image monitor (FIG. 1, element 9).

Therefore, it would have been obvious for one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the scanning charged-particle microscope disclosed by Kakibayshi et al. such that inserting the passage/annular aperture on the orbit of the charged-particle beam at a position between the charged-particle source and the scanning deflector as disclosed by Hosoki et al. The motivation of doing so would have been to enable a stereo-image of a spicemen in changing state to be observed in an easy manner as taught by Hosoki et al. (column 1, lines 50-55).

Kakibayshi et al. also disclose following claimed inventions:

Referring to claims 2-7: wherein the scanning charged-particle microscope is characterized in that the half-opening angle of said aperture for said charged-particle beam focused on a sample by said focusing lens has a band with respect to specific values of αa and αb and said band having narrower values of said half-opening angle is cut off (*column 19*, *line 14-51*) and a plate-like aperture body formed movably with respect to said charged-particle beam in which an annular aperture and a circular aperture are formed (*FIG. 20*, *element 409*).

Referring to claim 8: wherein said scanning charged-particle microscope is

Art Unit: 2853

characterized in that a passage aperture for limiting the passage of the charged-particle beam is formed in two different places on the orbit thereof, and in that one of said two apertures is an annular aperture (FIG. 20, element 409) and the other is circular aperture (FIG. 20, element 410).

Page 5

Referring to claim 9: wherein the scanning charged-particle microscope is characterized in that said annular aperture is formed in a plated-like body (FIG. 21, element 409), in that said plate-like body is also provided with a circular aperture (FIG. 21, element 409), and in that there is provided a movement feature for positioning the annular aperture and circular aperture on the orbit of said charged-particle beam (FIG. 20: a corresponding movement feature moves a desired aperture in the body 409 into the orbit of the electron beam).

Referring to claims 10, 11, 12: wherein the scanning charged-particle microscope is characterized in that said circular aperture and said annular aperture are formed in a first plate-like body and a second plate-like body respectively, in that said first plate-like body is provided with a charged-particle optical beam cutoff portion in addition to the circular aperture (FIG. 20, element 410) and said second plate-like body is provided with a circular aperture in addition to the annular aperture (FIG. 20-21, element 409), and in that both the first plate-like body and the second plate-like body are provided with a movement feature (FIG. 20: a corresponding movement feature moves a desired annular aperture in the body 409 and a desired circular aperture in the body 410 into the orbit of the electron beam), and the images on a sample that has been acquired with the annular and circular apertures are combined to form a new sample image (FIG. 20).

Art Unit: 2853

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 11/16/2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

The applicant argued that Hosoki does not disclose a plurality of differential parts of the charged particle beam passing through the aperture converging one point on the sample, as required by the independent claims. The examiner disagrees with the applicant. As clearly shown in FIG. 6, Hosoki teaches that when the deflecting device 13 works, the corresponding beam portion passes through the left passage hole and converges at point F on the sample 6; when the deflecting device 14 works, the corresponding beam portion passes through the right passage hole and also converges at point F. As a result, Hosoki's disclosure reads on the claim language because both different beam portions converge (may be at different time) at the same point on the sample. In addition, since the claims do not define wherein the plurality of different parts of the charged particle beam have to converge one point on the sample at the same time or simultaneously, Hosoki's disclosure does not differ from the claimed invention.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to LAM S. NGUYEN whose telephone number is (571)272-2151. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:00AM - 3:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, STEPHEN D. MEIER can be reached on (571)272-2149. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 09/943,262

Art Unit: 2853

Page 7

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

LN 11/21/2005

> HAI PHAM PRIMARY EXAMINER

Hairli Phaur